Electronic Appendix A

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Turtle specimens (AM F87832, QM F49190, SAM P41107) and isolated phosphatic coprolites (SAM P40364, SAM P40534) examined in this study are all derived from the Lower Cretaceous Toolebuc Formation deposits of central-western Queensland, Australia. The Toolebuc Formation comprises finely laminated bituminous and calcareous shales with abundant limestone concretions and corresponds to a major shallow marine transgression into the Eromanga Basin (McMinn and Burger, 1986). The unit is placed within the latest mid to Late Albian *Pseudoceratium ludbrookiae* dinoflagellate zone, and upper *Coptospora paradoxa* spore-pollen zone (Alexander and Sansome, 1996).

Photographs were taken using a Nikon Coolpix 990 digital camera and prepared with the Corel 9 graphics software package.

REFERENCES
